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## 1. GROMYKO AGAIN CALLS FOR NUCLEAR TEST BAN

25X1A		Foreign Minister Gromyko, to the Supreme Soviet summ now familiar Soviet argumen ning nuclear weapons tests,	narizing the nts for ban- has re-em-
		phasized the separability of issue from other aspects of London disarmament talks. said that it was premature to clusions regarding the result rent negotiations. However	the current Gromyko o draw con- lts of the cur-
	achieve a ragemphasizes a prerequisi ure to repeate	e Soviet government expects the US pprochement with the USSR on a nuthat the USSR considers agreement te for negotiating other agenda itent the familiar Soviet demand for a wers not to use nuclear weapons surely be negotiable.	and UK to clear test ban on this issue as. His fail-
	ship of test l of test detec been a single	Gromyko presented Soviet ruments for test registration, the income and nuclear disarmament, and tion systems. Gromyko stated that e case when atomic or hydrogen boacted with the aid of scientific and	nterrelation- the fallibility t ''there has not mb explosions
	vices!'		
	pletion of the	Gromyko's speech, one of the statements on this issue, coincide latest series of Soviet nuclear teststing programs are still pending.	des with the con sts, while new
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current London disarmament conferences, it has been evi-
dent that the Soviet position on nuclear test bans has been
aimed most immediately at obstructing the UK weapons de-
velopment program. The USSR also views a ban on nuclear
testing as a barrier to the development by "fourth countries"
of a native nuclear weapons capability.

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## 3. ISRAELI-SYRIAN BORDER TENSION DISCOUNTED

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The American embassy in Tel Aviv feels that local frictions are the cause of recent Israeli and Syrian activities along the armistice line. These include: in-

creased Israeli engineering activity on the east bank of Lake Hula; increased Israeli fishing activity in the northeast shallows of Lake Tiberias; the Syrian resumption of its former position overlooking Lake Tiberias; and Israeli patrol activity due to spring training exercises and as a response to the presence of Syrian units.

Israel's official reaction appears similar to that noted in the past under comparable situations. Although some Israeli officials have suggested Soviet and Egyptian instigation of the Syrian activities, Ambassador Lawson comments that the present Israeli attitude is in line with Foreign Minister Meir's earlier statement that Israel would not be provoked into violent reaction over trivial incidents, but would not overlook any serious threat to its security.

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4.	MOLLET	GOVERNMENT	SEEN :	LIKELY	TO	WEATHER
	FORTHCO	OMING DEBATE				

The American embassy in Paris expects Premier Mollet to win National Assembly support for increased taxes, despite general opposition in the assembly to his

economic and riscal policies. A confidence vote is expected about 24 May. The lack of a practical alternative to Mollet still restrains his opponents and thus favors the government's chance of survival. A majority of the deputies approve his Algerian and European integration policies, and would probably be reluctant to precipitate a crisis immediately prior to President Coty's departure for the United States.

Comment

Mollet won his last confidence vote on 29 March largely because his rightist opponents were unwilling to cause a crisis at that time. There has been considerable speculation that the right has been waiting for an economic issue to launch an attack on the government, with the intention of replacing Mollet by an interim, short-lived cabinet which would in turn give way to a government headed by a conservative premier.

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			25X1A			
25X1A	5. COLOMBIAN MI	LITARY JUNTA ANNOUNCES				
0-4						
25X1A		The five-man military junta, the former war minister, when and replaced president Rojas announced a fourteen-point puthe same day after conferring opposition. It calls for the juntil the end of the current puterm in August 1958; popula in 1958; a cabinet with the particular series of the current puters.	nich exiled s on 10 May, rogram late g with the unta to rule residential r elections			
		Liberal and Conservative parti	ies; and			
	restoration of tre	restoration of freedom of the press.				

Key opposition leaders, including the joint presidential candidate of the two major parties, urged the people to support the program and the junta. In addition, the cardinal primate apparently gave Catholic Church endorsement to the interim regime and appealed to the nation for restraint.

Civilian participation in the junta may be essential to the restoration and maintenance of order. Some popular demand for immediate return to civilian government was voiced in Bogota and particularly in Cali.

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	6. BRITAIN T	O BUILD LARGE FACTORY IN USSR	
25X1A		The USSR has placed a contract vectors or tium of five British firms struction of a tire plant in the Uk according to the American embase London. Details are still unknown or the British press described the presented than any tire factory outside the Universe.	for con- raine, ssy in on, al- oposed
	plementation that the USS vision within suggest the	This is the most substantial result of the trade offers made by Bulgar during their visit to the UK in April 195 on would mark the first time in more than SR has permitted construction under forein its borders. Such a departure from particle beginning of a new stage in the USSR's particle western technical capabilities.	anin and 6. Its im- 20 years ign super- st policies
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7.	<b>JAPANESE</b>	<b>GOVE</b>	RNMENT	AND	LABOR	IN	TEST	OF
	STRENGTH	OVER	ILLEGA!	LSTE	RIKES			

More than 1,000,000 public enterprise workers in Japan participated in a series of walkouts and shop rallies on 11 and 12 May. The nationwide walkouts are in

retaliation for government action in firing, suspending or otherwise punishing some 1,000 government union leaders responsible for illegal activities during the recent spring labor offensive for higher wages. The basic issue at stake is the ability of the Kishi government to restrict labor activities to legal limits. Japanese law denies public corporation employees the right to strike.

The disruptions were led by the National Railway Workers Union and supported by postal, telecommunications and other public workers unions, which are under the strong influence of Sohyo, Japan's 3,000,000-strong leftist labor federation. The Socialist Party has endorsed the labor action and reportedly plans to introduce a noconfidence motion against the government during Diet deliberations this week.

Business, the press, and the general public welcomed the government's punitive measures. Continued support from these quarters may result in even bolder government action, including new legislation to curb Sohyo's power.

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